JABULAN Music

LET US GO TO YERUSHALAYIM

Responsorial Song from Psalu 122 for Advent 1A for Psalmist (Canton Assembly & Descant win additional Verse Duets with reyboard, and & Guitar

ONY BARA

Gather now, singing psalms of gladness as we enter the Presence of God.

"Let us go to Yerushalayim!" I was glad at the decision. Now we pass through the belansateway, climbing up to the Hour

Now we sing of the uneless city, rising tall from the uns, overcome by the whit before us ancient stone state of rm and unpact.

Generative bave gathere come examples for the Festive to delight the segmong us, and to hono, the La, which gives Ln.

Now we pray for uses holy usele, for their peace and posperity. for all on this pawded hillside, eace their quet for integrity.

May you walls never cease to guard us, may you way be our protection. May your North be ever faithful, may their water, and be justice for all.

Why 5 verses? This ateway to Advent, and, as a processional gathering Song of Ascent, it is lm is th a gateway liturgy. Th have traveled from far off, through hazardous territory, and at last they see lgri the Holy City of peace. alayim, standing on the Holy Mountain before them. The joyful cry comes from sembly, punct d by verses sung by a Psalmist. The more times the Assembly can sing the more opportunit for the Psalmist to unfold the drama of the procession - and by corollary the Psalmist, the more opportunities for the Assembly to burst into joyful inition, the more verses sur ong again. Th ivent is the gateway to a new Liturgical Year, and is also the beginning of lay of he new 3-y dings. cle ò

- Tony Barr

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A Pilgrimage Processional Psalm

Psalm 122 belongs to a late Temple collection of psalms. Although it's cultic nature places it in a Jerusalem tradition, it has many Northern forms and constructions. Perhaps it was originally a blessing on the nomads of the Northern Kingdom seeking God's protection as they faced the daily perils of their journey. After the fall of the North, it was assimilated into the Southern tradition, where the text was expanded for use in the Jerusalem Temple. During this period of reform, Israel underwent a major renewal of life and worship in response to sudden influx from the North. Some two hundred years later, after the return from Exile, it was gain revised to express the worshiping needs of a purified nation.

In preparing the psalter for Temple cult, and for later Synagogue piety, the editors gathered the psalms into various collections. One collection was known as The Songs of Ascent, a hymnal containing Psalms 120-134 to be used by Pilgrims coming up to Jerusalem for the three Great Festivals, especially the autumnal Feast of Tabernacles at the end of the year. The term song of ascent is used in two different senses, cultic and literary.

In the cultic sense, this psalm may have been used on any of three occasions. As each small group of pilgrims was leaving home for the journey up to Jerusalem, the village Elder may have blessed them for a safe passage, especially as they were representing the entire community at the festival. It may have been sung again as they ascended from the final valley to Mount Zion, into the city and up to the gates of the Temple towering above the City. Thirdly, it may have been sung within the Temple precincts as the pilgrims ascended the various steps to the inner courts and to the altars atop those steps. The most appropriate setting, as for any cultic psalm, would have been within the Temple rituals of entering the gates, or of mounting the steps to the inner sanctuaries.

In the literary sense, the editor uses the step-like literary device in which a thought, word, or association of ideas in one verse has been triggered by the previous verse, and in turn connects with the verse which follows.

The psalm is in three sections, representing the three cultic stages of the entrance ritual. The psalm may have evolved from three earlier, independent fragments of texts.

- vv 1-2 Entrance Song of the Pilgrims arriving in Jerusalem
- vv 3-5 Hymn to the City, honoring the Past (Exodus) and anticipating the Future (the Messianic Era)
- vv 6-9 Intercessory Prayer for Peace and God's Continued Presence on Earth

The is a song to Jerusalem, God's tent pitched among us on earth, and to the Messiah it symbolizes. Jerusalem is the City of Peace and Prosperity. In the final section there is a word game, pray for the peace of Jerusalem, *Sha-lu Sha-lom Yeru-sha-la-yim*. In this never-ending cycle, we go to Jerusalem to pray for peace; yet because we are blessed by God's peace, we go to Jerusalem. Liturgy, too, is cyclic, retelling the same story of salvation year in, year out. God is praised from sunset to sunrise, from sunrise to sunset. Pilgrimage keeps alive that song.

Psalm 122: A Liturgy of Gathering

1. An Entrance Song

"Let us go to Yerushalayim!"
 I was glad at the decision.
 Now we pass through the holy gateway, climbing up to the House of our God.

2. A Hymn to the City

- 3. Now we sing of this timeless city, rising tall from the ruins, overcome by the sight before us, ancient stone standing firm and compact.
- 4. Generations have gathered here, come each year for the Festival,
- 5. to delight in the God among us, and to honor the Law which gives Life.

3. Intercessions for Peace

- 6. Now we pray for these holy people, for their peace and prosperity.Peace for all on this crowded hillside, peace for all in their quest for integrity.
- 7. May your walls never cease to guard us, may your Law be our protection.
- 8. May your Rulers be ever faithful, may their watchword be justice for all.